# EPISTAR

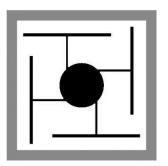
AIGaInP PN-series LED Chip

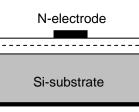
## > Mechanical Specification:

- (1) Dimension
  - Chip size: 13.4 mil x 13.4 mil (340±25 μm x 340±25 μm)
  - Thickness: 6.7 mil (170±15 μm)
  - N bonding pad: 3.9 mil (100 $\pm$ 10  $\mu$ m)

#### (2) Metallization

- Topside N electrode : Au alloy
- Backside P electrode: Au alloy





P-electrode

### Features: • High radiant flux

- Thin film structure
- · Vertical electrode
- · High driving current

#### **Applications:**

- · Horticulture lighting
- · Medical appliances

## > Electro-optical Characteristics at 25°C:

Parameter	Symbol		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	Vf1		lf = 10μΑ	1.3	-	-	V
	Vf2		lf = 20mA	-	2.1	2.5	V
Reverse Current	lr		Vr = 10V	-	-	5.0	μΑ
Peak Wavelength <sup>(1)</sup>	λр		lf = 20mA	650	660	670	nm
Spectra Half-width	Δλ		lf = 20mA	-	20	-	nm
Radiant flux <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	Ро	H7	If = 20mA	9	-	-	mW
		H8		11	-	-	

Note:

(1) Basically, the wavelength span is 20nm; however, customers' special requirements are also welcome.

(2) Customers' special requirements are also welcome.

(3) Radiant flux is measured by EPISTAR's equipment on bare chips.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Forward DC Current	If	Ta = 25°C	≤ 70	mA
Reverse Voltage	Vr	Ta = 25°C	≤ 10	V
Junction Temperature	Тј	-	≤ 115	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	Chip	-40 ~ +85	°C
		Chip-on-tape/storage	5 ~ 35	°C
		Chip-on-tape/transportation	-20 ~ +65	°C
Temperature during Packaging	-	-	280(<10sec)	°C

## > Absolute Maximum Ratings:

Note: Maximum ratings are package dependent. The above maximum ratings were determined using a Printed Circuit Board (PCB) without an encapsulant. Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings such as forward current and junction temperature may cause damage to the LED.

## > Characteristic Curves:



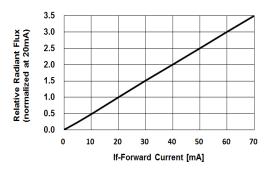


Fig.3 –Relative Radiant Flux (@20mA) vs. Ambient Temperature

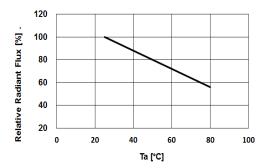


Fig.5 – Peak Wavelength (@20mA) vs. Ambient Temperature

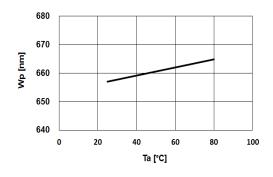


Fig.2 – Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

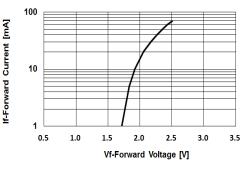


Fig.4 – Forward Voltage (@20mA) vs. Ambient Temperature

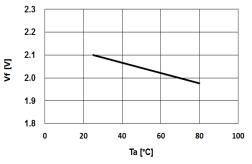


Fig.6 – Maximum Driving Forward DC Current vs. Ambient Temperature (De-rating based on Tj max. = 115°C)

